## **Huntsville Police Citizens Advisory Council**

## HUNTSVILLE CITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION NO. 20-487 September 17, 2020



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4	BEFORE THE
5	HUNTSVILLE POLICE CITIZENS ADVISORY COUNCIL
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9	IN RE:
10	Review Pursuant to the Huntsville City Council
11	Resolution No. 20-487
12	September 17, 2020
13	5:00 p.m.
14	The HPCAC public hearing was taken before
15	Kennedy Gibbs, CCR, on September 17, 2020,
16	commencing at approximately 5:00 p.m. at the
17	offices of Huntsville City Hall, in Huntsville,
18	Alabama.
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20	CERTIFIED
21	ORIGINAL
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23	ALADAMA GOLDE DEDODETIG TIG
	ALABAMA COURT REPORTING, INC.



1	APPEARANCES
2	Huntsville Police Citizens Advisory Council
3	Members Present:
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5	Victoria Guerrieri
6	Willie Love
7	Shelly McCulley
8	Jonathan Rossow
9	Ruben Flores
10	John Reitzell
11	John Olshefski
12	David Little
13	Gregory Bentley
14	Wiley Day, Jr.
15	
16	Counsel:
17	Trey Riley
18	Attorney at Law
19	City of Huntsville Office of City Attorney
20	308 Fountain Circle City Hall, 6th Floor
21	Huntsville, Alabama, 35801
22	
23	



1	I, Kennedy Gibbs, a Certified Court
2	Reporter, and a Notary Public for the State of
3	Alabama at Large, acting as Commissioner, certify
4	that on this date, there came before me at the
5	offices of the Huntsville City Hall, in
6	Huntsville, Alabama, commencing at approximately
7	5:00 p.m., on September 17, 2020, the HPCAC public
8	hearing, in the above clause, whereupon the
9	following proceedings were had:
10	
11	MS. GUERRIERI: I'll go ahead and call the
12	meeting to order. It's 5:00 o'clock. My name is
13	Vicki Guerrieri. Appointed by Councilwoman
14	Robinson District 3. I am currently serving as
15	chairwoman. On behalf of The Huntsville Police
16	Citizens Advisory Council, I would like to welcome
17	you to the third public hearing regarding the
18	protest events of June 1st and June 3rd.
19	To get us started, I will call the roll of
20	the Advisory Council. When I call your name, I
21	would appreciate it if each member would announce
22	their presence.
23	Willy Love, appointed by the mayor,



1 serving as vice chair. 2 MR. LOVE: Here. MS. GUERRIERI: John Olshefski, appointed 3 by the mayor. John is running a little late. 4 He'll be here. John Reitzel, appointed by the 5 6 chief of police. 7 MR. REITZEL: Here. MS. GUERRIERI: Ruben Flores, appointed by 8 chief of police, serving as secretary. 9 10 MR. FLORES: Here. 11 MS. GUERRIERI: David Little, appointed by 12 chief of police, media communications. 13 MR. LITTLE: Here. 14 MS. GUERRIERI: Gregory Bentley, appointed 15 by Councilman Keith, District 1. 16 MR. BENTLEY: Here. 17 MS. GUERRIERI: Jonathan Rossow, appointed 18 by Councilman Akridge, District 2. 19 MR. ROSSOW: Here. 20 MS. GUERRIERI: Shelly McCulley, appointed by Councilman Kling, District 4. 21 22 MS. MCCULLEY: Here. MS. GUERRIERI: Warren Day Jr., appointed 23



1 by Councilman Culver, District 5. 2 MR. DAY: Present. MS. GUERRIERI: The Advisory Council was 3 charged by city council resolution with conducting 4 that review. The public hearing is part of the 5 advisory council's fact-finding stage of the 6 7 ongoing review process. As part of that effort, 8 community input by electronic form was active from July the 7th to August the 7th, with over 750 9 10 comments received. All correspondence was read 11 and is being considered by members of the advisory 12 council. 13 In addition, the advisory council retained 14 independent legal counsel to assist in the 15 discharge of its duties. Legal counsel created a 16 website, huntsvillepolicereview.com, through which 17 members of the public may upload video or 18 photographs or submit additional comments. 19 Two public hearings were held prior to this group and organizational hearings. The first 20 21 hearing was August the 12th from 5:00 until 22 8:00 p.m. The second was held August 28th, 23 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. This public hearing is



1 for groups and organizations. With the assistance of Mr. Kenny Anderson, Multicultural Affairs 2 Officer for the city of Huntsville, and members of 3 the advisory council who were contacted, 4 invitations were sent to Interfaith Mission 5 Service; NAACP Oakwood University Chapter; Lyons 6 Security; Outreach Group Committee of 100; Dexter 7 8 Strong; Tennessee Valley Progressive Alliance; NAACP Local Chapter; Citizens Coalition for 9 10 Criminal Justice Reform, Angela Curry; Essential 11 Nonviolent Uprising Force, ENUF, Jordan Steelman; 12 Reach Huntsville; Liberal Agenda for North 13 Alabama. We were unsuccessful finding an e-mail 14 address to contact them. 15 The presenters were instructed to e-mail 16 their presentations by September the 11th in order 17 to be loaded into the public system in advance, so 18 that it could be handled appropriately. CCCJR 19 requested additional time past the deadline and 20 was accommodated. 21 This evening each presenter has 15 minutes 22 to address the advisory council and to give 23 testimony relevant to the events of June 1 and



1	June 3. This is a listening session. One in
2	which the presenters' comments are the focus. For
3	that reason, and also to maximize the time for
4	public comment, Advisory Council members will not
5	make remarks this evening other than my efforts as
6	chair to guide the procedure.
7	This hearing is being broadcast live on
8	Comcast and also live streaming on Facebook and
9	the city of Huntsville website. It will also be
10	archived. Please keep your remarks civil. As
11	fellow citizens, we should express our views
12	vigorously but in a constructive matter. Foul
13	language that violates the FCC broadcast rules or
14	derogatory name calling of any individual will not
15	be tolerated. Again, decorum and clarity are
16	important here.
17	Each presenter will be given 15
18	uninterrupted minutes after stating their names.
19	Time cannot be given or shared with another
20	speaker.
21	I will call the presenters, beginning with
22	Ms. Angela Curry. Ms. Curry is with the Citizens
23	Coalition for Criminal Justice Reform. If you



1 will state your name, please, and then I'll start 2 the time -- and organization. Angela Curry, along with 3 MS. CURRY: Claudia Mesnil, from Citizens Coalition for 4 5 Criminal Justice Reform. 6 MS. GUERRIERI: Welcome. 7 MS. CURRY: Thank you. Okay. So we are 8 here today to present information that we gathered from members of our organization. We have Shad 9 10 Chavez who was going to present, but he's stayed in Mobile due to the hurricane. And so Claudia 11 12 and I are going to go through the slides, so if 13 you could, go to the next slide -- and add 14 additional information with that. I'm supposed to 15 do that. Okay. 16 So if you can see up above, our vision is 17 to establish an authentic police model within 18 Madison County, to include the Huntsville Police 19 Department, the Madison County Sheriff, and the 20 Madison Police Department. And our goal is to 21 build partnerships in the community involving 22 local residents so that we can enact reform, do 23 continuous improvement as it relates to local law



enforcement agencies to the elimination of institutionalized discriminatory policies and practices. And so impartiality, accountability, and transparency are key goals and also the focus of this evaluation related to local protests.

We, as an organization or a group, we

asked the city council for an independent third-party review related to the June 1st and 3rd protest actions, and we still want to make it clear that that is our preferred method, and the reason that is, is due to the large amounts of evidence and data which must be reviewed and analyzed to draw any meaningful conclusions. We feel like it would have been helpful, so we're grateful for the attorney, but we just felt like a third party who does this on a full-time basis, such as an auditor or something of that effect, would have been the most effective resolve.

This is a complex review, and currently there are thousands of complaints to include civil litigations across the country as a result of law enforcement response to protesters that is similar to the Huntsville area.



So at this point in time, I'm going to turn it over to Claudia, and she's going to go over the survey that we did in relation to our individual residents who were current -- present at the protests June 1st and 3rd.

MS. MESNIL: Thank you, Angela. As she said, I'm Claudia Mesnil, and my portion is going to discuss what the survey consisted of. So once we agreed to do this presentation, we set out to remain as unbiased as possible. So we sent out a survey that remained live for 96 hours, and it was answered by a community, and it was only sent out through social media due to time constraints. Our survey included factual questions and only required respondents to choose the answer based on each statement. All questions did not have to be answered.

The number of people who saw small children at the protests. We use Google forms to collect the data. The forms could not be duplicated or filled out twice by the same person. The questions were all optional, so there's no final count of the respondents of the survey,



1 however, there is a count for those who 2 participated in each question. And people could not fill it out twice like I stated. Here we see 3 that 70 percent of those who responded that were 4 at the protests did see small children, once 5 police action escalated. 6 Police Communication. In regards to 7 police communication, we had difficulty itemizing, 8 so we decided to split it into these two 9 10 subtopics. Number one, police did not communicate 11 permit times. Number two, I did not hear an order 12 to disperse. So in regards to this, we had 73 13 percent of the respondents who said that they did 14 not communicate -- police didn't communicate 15 permit times, and 80 -- or 67 percent said that 16 they did not hear an order to disperse. 17 These are the accounts regarding those. 18 The first states: When announcements were being 19 made, we couldn't understand them. I asked an 20 officer what they were saying, and if we were 21 supposed to be following instructions. He replied by telling me he had no idea because he couldn't 22 23 hear or understand whatever was being said.



have quite a bit of video, including that interaction with that officer, as was children on the scene.

The second account states: The cops told us that protest time was over. The third account states: At around 7:20, I had asked two officers if it was okay for my group to walk back up to the square. Instead of letting me know the permit was over and we needed to leave, he responded I don't know. That's your decision. They did not instruct us to leave or that within ten minutes they would be dispersing the crowd, so we could at least let other protesters know so we could all spread the word. It seemed like they wanted us to walk back into what would be the line of fire.

Police evacuation plans. So this one we split it into five different categories. The first was responded by -- or 72 percent of people agreed with it, and they said that police were blocking the roadways. The second one was agreed upon by 83 percent, which stated that the police was present on all sides of the protest like in a fishbowl.



1	The third one was agreed upon by
2	42 percent of the respondents. And it stated,
3	police would not allow you to return to your
4	vehicle, and you had to find an alternate route.
5	And the fourth one states that police were not
6	directing traffic to get the attendants out of the
7	area in a safe and efficient manner, and
8	85 percent of the people who took the survey
9	agreed with this one. 11 percent responded,
10	other.
11	Citizen accounts that agreed with these or
12	that related to these say the following: I left
13	after the first smoke canister was released when
14	riot police started marching off. I'm pregnant
15	and felt unsafe. I was afraid I would be by
16	police if I stayed. Since they had started
17	blocking the roads with their vehicles. There was
18	no clear communication with the crowd, is what the
19	second one states.
20	And they were able to navigate out of the
21	fishbowl, but police made it difficult to leave.
22	Police forced a crowd down dangerous stairways. I
23	chose to include this one because we did have



senior citizens and small children present at the protest. They used a force and violent agents.

I'm going to focus on the two main ones at the very top. But I want to remind you that respondents can choose all the situations which apply or none. 47 percent of respondents checked, I suffered from anxiety from the events, 56 percent said that they were affected by tear gas.

The accounts that related to these were the following: I was hit with some sort of shrapnel, and I'm unsure if it was from smoke gas cans or rubber bullets or possibly both. Also LRAD was used, and I've had tinnitus issues since them. The second one states, I was extremely affected by the flash restraints or whatever they were, more so than the tear gas. They were extremely traumatizing.

Police used physical force or violent agents to disperse the crowds. Respondents chose all or none. 5.3 percent checked that they did receive medical treatment, 27 percent checked they witnessed someone being assaulted by a police



officer, and 90 percent checked, I witnessed snipers set up on the roof of several buildings.

The accounts related to these are the following: I was injured after falling because I had been tear-gassed and couldn't see where I was going. Lost my phone and scraped up pretty badly. The second one states, they shot my boyfriend in the back with a rubber bullet and that wound has now become a scar. It tore through two articles of clothing. Confiscation of personal property.

28.6 percent of respondents said that police tried to take away or destroy medical supplies. None said anything about other personal property.

Emergency management. Ten percent of respondents checked officials were on the scene and available to assist people with injuries. 71 percent of respondents said that police did not allow medics to help those who were hurt. The accounts that related to these state the following: I was equipped with first aid supplies and rendered first aid to people who had been tear-gassed. While rendering aid, I was forced to leave by a line of police officers.



Arrests. All of the respondents who were arrested had two different officers. One that showed up on their arrest report and one who actually arrested them. Some of the individuals were afraid to respond to the survey due to possible implications in their investigation.

Use of weapons: Police menaced weapons threateningly either to frighten or provoke reaction. The second account states, I personally witnessed a member of the police force ready prepared with a grenade-launch-style weapons earlier in the evening before it was even close to the end time and before the riot team even showed up, giving a feeling that the police were almost hoping something happened. Another one states, I was told there wasn't an officer that didn't have their badge number concealed in duct tape. All those I talked to who were arrested told me this unanimously.

So these are independent accounts, and they're not related to any of our categories. The sheriff told us to get ready with a smile on his face. Like, he was excited to tear-gas us. HPD



1 were making jokes about attacking protesters. 2 They even fist-bumped about the arrests. There were senior citizens there. I'm a senior. 3 I have a terrifying story, and I will never be the same. 4 So for the last bit of our presentation 5 6 mine was focused on the factual findings of our data and from our survey. Angela is going to 7 8 explain how that relates to our mission specifically, the mission of the pack. 9 10 MS. CURRY: So in keeping with our desires 11 for transparency and expanding upon trust and a 12 relationship building within the community, which 13 is part of the mission or the aim of the CAC, we 14 were wondering or expecting that there would be an 15 official time line or progress about this 16 investigation slash review. And so some of the 17 things that we were expecting was that there were 18 going to be a time line of activities once you all 19 decided the process, percentage complete as far as 20 this review is concerned, any significant 21 milestones or findings. 22 Will this be done at some point, or are we 23 only to hear from the CAC when there is a public



1	request for information, or will we hear from the
2	CAC only at the conclusion of this process when
3	the official report is presented to city council?
4	In keeping with impartiality and
5	accountability, we feel that the intent of the
6	decision makers that decided upon the actions
7	taken is vitally important, and they should not be
8	assumed but rather determined based on evidence.
9	So in this slide here, the intent was the
10	intent public safety or military exercise? And so
11	if you look at the slide above, you will see some
12	accounts from Chief McMurray's personal accounts
13	and some of the information that we gathered. So
14	on June 1st, in the chief's press release, he
15	denounced the actions of Officer Chauvin of
16	Minneapolis, yet during the protests, he didn't
17	show any signs of engagement or solidarity on
18	either the 1st or the 3rd.
19	But in comparison in 2016, Chief McMurray
20	walked in solidarity with the other protesters
21	rallying over the death of Freddie Gray while he
22	died in police custody in Baltimore.
23	So, yes, we agree that law enforcement



1	should have been prepared for violence just
2	because of what was going on, on the national
3	scene. However, had the sheriff and the chief
4	acted in alignment with their mission, which
5	include protecting life, property, and defending
6	the constitutional rights of all people with
7	compassion, fairness, and integrity, while
8	maintaining public peace and safety, we feel that
9	these incidents wouldn't have escalated to the
10	point that they did.
11	And so then the question is asked, why was
12	the public not forewarned about the dangers and
13	the actions to occur on both the 1st and the 3rd?
14	We know their businesses were informed, but why
15	not the citizens? So here as it relates to
16	transparency, we have heard of NAMAC, which is a
17	regional group that includes the FBI. On a
18	national level on June 1st and June 9th, the FBI
19	issued a press release seeking to identify actors
20	who are instigating violence during protests.
21	Chief McMurray mentioned in his report at
22	least three different persons who were instigating
23	violence prior to the protests. Were those



individuals submitted to the numbers provided by
the FBI? The Homeland Department of Security also
presented a report talking about individuals who
were inciting protests -- violence at protests,
who some were from right-wing organizations. We
also have had damage related to white supremacy in
our area. Has that been explored by NAMAC; will
there be any updates related to that? What
responsibility does NAMAC have in keeping the
local government or residents informed about these
investigations? If they arrest someone, would it
be processed through Jail View, and would it be
available for public knowledge.

In addition, we want to end with the ACOU

In addition, we want to end with the ACOU guidance for protesters' rights. We hope that you are including that in your investigation, and there are certain guidelines that they lay out. Specifically, about time to give people time to comply to requests, unobstructed exit paths, a clear and detailed way to disperse. And, finally, we leave you with the things that we expect to adhere in this concluded review. Were there any laws violated by law enforcement? What procedures



1 were violated by law enforcement agencies based on 2 their policy and procedure manuals? What will be recompensed for any citizens injured during these 3 proceedings, if it is, in fact, that law 4 enforcement violated procedure? So we have given 5 you a list --6 7 MS. GUERRIERI: I believe your time is up, 8 Ms. Curry. MS. CURRY: -- and we hope that you will 9 10 include those items in your report based on 11 feedback from our group. Thank you. 12 MS. GUERRIERI: Thank you for coming, 13 Ms. Curry. Next, we have Essential Nonviolent 14 Uprising Force, ENUF, Mr. Jordan Steelman. If you 15 will state your name, please, and the organization 16 you represent. 17 MR. STEELMAN: My name is Jordan Steelman, 18 and I represent the ENUF organization, Essential 19 Nonviolent Uprising Force. 20 MS. GUERRIERI: Welcome. 21 MR. STILLMAN: Thank you. All right. So 22 real quick, we are going to go through this. We have a lot of stuff to cover. Basically, the 23



1 summation of our organization believes that 2 excessive force was used at the protests of June 1st and 3rd, and this is how we're going to try 3 and attempt to show this to you. 4 While we are going to focus on the force, 5 so this is quick outline. We're going to examine 6 7 the force of display that was shown, we're going to examine the actual use of force on both days 8 and then what we think are misuses of force on 9 those days. And we'll conclude it with a brief 10 11 thought. 12 And real quickly, the use of force during this protest has garnered international attention 13 14 for Huntsville. This has been on the Internet. 15 We don't want to be seen as a city that violates 16 citizens' constitutional rights, and that's why 17 we're here, that's why we're speaking, so... 18 All right. So brief introduction. On May 19 -- in late May, demonstrations against police brutality began all across the nation after the 20 21 death of George Floyd. June 1st and 3rd happened 22 here, and they were prime examples of 23 disproportionate and dangerous police uses of



1 force. We also that week had two other protests 2 on May 30th and June 5th that went off without a No escalation by police. Very much in the 3 hitch. same theme as what happened on the 1st and the 4 3rd. There was marches. There was chanting. 5 There was yelling. So we're going to examine what 6 7 went wrong on the 1st and the 3rd. 8 So this is not the full report. The rest of the report is in the remainder of this 9 10 document. I just don't have time to present it in 11 15 minutes, so... 12 So move right into it. And, again, all 13 these pictures you're going to see are from June 14 1st and 3rd that citizens captured. So this is 15 the NCSO standing outside on June 3rd. This was 16 the show of force that protesters were met with on 17 June 3rd. Let's get into it. 18 All right. So on June 1st -- let's start 19 with June 1st. I want to start this quote by 20 McMurray -- Chief McMurray. The first thing an 21 officer does when he gets to scene, you better 22 have your boots shined, you better have your



uniform clean, and if you're a Huntsville Police

23

1 Officer, you better look neat and you better look 2 in control. Because an officer's appearance has more force. That's the key. The officer's 3 appearance has more force if you know what you're 4 doing. If you look like a professional, they will 5 treat you like a professional. So that's why the 6 7 appearance of force is very important. Chief McMurray understands this. We understand this as 8 protesters and citizens. It's important what 9 10 you're showing. 11 So let's look at what HPD showed on the 12 So immediately out of the gate, HPD and NCSO 13 were all over the courthouse and the courthouse 14 area. HPD SUVs blocked the roads around the 15 Initially there were five to ten courthouse. 16 officers on the courthouse steps. By 6:00 p.m., 17 there were 20 to 25 officers. Some in light riot 18 gear. 19 After the mayor left around 6:45, SWAT 20 arrived, and by that point and a little after, 21 there were 50 plus officers on the scene. As the 22 disperse order was issued -- or executed -- sorry 23 -- at 7:48 p.m. So these units that were there,



we had standard uniformed officers. You had K9 1 2 units, ones pictured there in the middle, bottom middle. You had full riot-geared officers; 3 facials, helmets, gas masks. 4 And then weaponry there were batons, less 5 lethal ammunition shotguns, there were some AR-15 6 style platform rifles there, and 40-millimeter gas 7 8 canister launchers. Those were all there on day one, June 1 very benign incident. That's an 9 10 extreme show of force for people who are 11 peacefully protesting in our opinions. 12 So real quick just to emphasize, we'll 13 show you some pictures. This is HPD on the left 14 in the full riot gear. We have protesters getting 15 pushed around just a little bit. With some --16 it's hard to see, but in that top right picture, there are some of those rifles that I was 17 18 mentioning. And then you can see just at various 19 stages of the night how many officers were 20 It's excessive. actually there. 21 On June 3rd, it was even worse. What HPD 22 lacked in firepower on the 1st, they made up for 23 on the 3rd. And McMurray said it himself, he



equates his officers to preparing for war against enemies in combat, saying that they stood the line in talking about protesters, and they wanted confrontation with us. That we were gearing up -- protesters were gearing up for war.

So let's look again at the show of force that was there. HPD and NCSO again stationed all around the courthouse, including on the roofs, and they were blocking streets. The HPD SUVs again blocked the roads around the courthouse. On the 3rd, there were snipers on the courthouse. I think it's already been mentioned tonight, and they were actively aiming at the crowd.

I want to be very clear about that. We actually have photos of that that are coming up. That's a very unnerving thing to see as you show up to your courthouse to protest. That same night a hundred plus officers in riot gear SWAT, IRT, state troopers, Madison County Sheriff's Office came in. It was the whole shebang. Everyone was there in terms of law enforcement agencies.

So let's look at some gear. Again, you had full-riot gear officers. This was



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There were actually MP5s there, interesting. fully-automatic submachine guns. Not quite sure why that's needed at peaceful protests. Those are very dangerous weapons that are designed for war, and I understand SWAT has them for extreme situations that they're in, but we don't personally believe they're needed at protests. That weapon by itself can kill a lot of people. Same with AR-15s or these M4A1 style rifles they have. We aren't really sure which ones they are. They are very dangerous weapons. They are high-powered high-caliber rifles intended to kill people. And that's the message you're sending out of the gate to protesters. Not ideal. So there are also less lethal munitions. Again, stick batons and the normal chemical agents you have, such as CS gas, pepper spray, and the launchers you have associated with those. So just to emphasize, here's some pictures. On the left, you can see an officer gearing up with gas masks, and you have the snipers on the roof. Two pictured there actively aiming, again, might I add. And on the right you



1 can see some of the various things that the 2 sheriff's office had. And not to be outdone, here's some more pictures from HPD. The MP5s and 3 the ARs are pointed out on the left there. 4 And you can see just the excessive amount 5 of officers. It was a very intimidating event. 6 You did not feel welcome if you were a protester. 7 Just due to the show of force. And that was -- I 8 want to reiterate that was on June 3rd the minute 9 10 you walked up to the courthouse. Some of these 11 officers were already here in full gear, ready to 12 go. 13 So let's move on to the use of force. 14 Nice shot here from one of our local 15 photographers. So June 1st in terms of use of 16 force, was definitely the less severe of the two 17 days in question, but it was interesting given how 18 the force was used. The protest was largely 19 dispersing by itself by many accounts. And some 20 of these -- some of the ineptitudes, if not 21 handled, really could have resulted in serious 22 injury to protesters. 23 So I have two bullets here that are very



1 similar, on the top right. But there's one difference, and that is, it's worded, unknowingly. 2 So let's look at it. Starting at 7:48, smoke 3 grenades and tear gas were used to funnel most 4 protesters to Big Spring Park stairs. Both ends 5 of Jefferson Street were blocked by the police, 6 and then another unit of police was stationed 7 8 across the square to force exit routes by blocking 9 roads. 10 So if you look at the second bullet, 11 you'll see in the middle, tear gas used to funnel 12 most protesters. It will have, in other words, 13 unknowingly -- and that's a big key there. 14 Protesters had no idea what was going to happen 15 and what was going on. There were no audible 16 dispersal orders. And Claudia and Angela touched 17 on that. Two-thirds of people did not hear it, by 18 their survey. We have other statistics to back 19 that up. If you don't know what's going on in 20 extreme situations, that will incite panic. 21 Straight, plain, and simple. So this is a big 22 deal to unknowingly do this to protesters. 23 Also some of the protesters experienced a



1 situation where a young man pulled a firearm, 2 brandished it at an officer. I just want to briefly look at that response by the officer. 3 Obviously that man should not have pulled his 4 firearm, should not have brandished it. But the 5 6 officer's response put a lot of people in danger. 7 He pulled his handgun right back at that man with a whole crowd of people behind that 8 individual. That's a high-collateral risk. And, 9 10 again, the crowd is at a high-panic risk again 11 because now there's actual deadly force that could 12 be used against them. So fortunately, the citizen 13 complied, and no one was hurt. 14 So let's look at June 3rd. June 1st 15 definitely set the stage for June 3rd. There were 16 three law enforcement agencies in downtown, all 17 working simultaneously to disperse this crowd or 18 maintain the crowd, whatever you'd like to say. 19 So, again, HPD used chemical dispersal agents 20 including CS gas and pepper spray. 21 And, again, panic ensued due to the clear 22 lack of direction by HPD. It's how protesters 23 were supposed to disperse. Some of the HPD



officers exhibited indiscriminate use of dispersal agent ammunitions. Officers were seen pepper spraying arbitrarily into protesters that were dispersing. Using less lethal rounds without following manufacturer or range recommendations, or skipping the rounds against the grounds, and less lethal rounds were used on unarmed protesters who had their hands in the air. Credentialed media were also shot and herded in and out of CS gas arbitrarily.

So we have a couple videos. I'll start with this one. Actually, let's do this one. This

with this one. Actually, let's do this one. This was a member of the media. You can hear, right here, he yells, media. If you were able to listen to this video, and he's just being sprayed for no reason. He's filming, he's doing his job, and he's been sprayed. And, again, to emphasize the media points, this is another scenario where a group of media had congregated in front of Cotton Row. They are right next to the line of officers.

As you see, a tear gas canister gets administered. And then skip ahead just a little so I can do this, in interest of time. So now the



media is forced to move off the square by the tear gas that was thrown, and they're going to get herded back into the tear gas just here in a second by another line of officers. This is clearly not good communication, and this is exactly what the protesters were experiencing. We did not -- protesters did not know where to go. They had no idea what to do because of the inaudible or insufficient communication. 

Again, in interest of time, I'm going to move ahead. If it will let me advance. There we go.

So let's talk about what we perceive as misuse of force. Just real quickly, these are only some of the injury photos that we gathered from protesters. And I'd like to highlight especially the one of calves and the back of the elbow. Those kind of injuries are sustained either when you're not facing who's shooting you or you're guarding yourself with your hands or your arms.

So these are defenses for protesters that



actually were complying that were shot and had force used against them. And the bottom right we again have some of the ammunitions that were recovered by our organization.

So the summary here is, we think on both June 1st and 3rd, excessive force was used by the police, by Huntsville Police Department, and it was very poorly managed and has led to confusion, panic, and lasting psychological trauma, and definitely physical injury, as is clear on the last slide. We think that the weaponry that was brandished by the police was wholeheartedly excessive.

That combat equipment was brought to a protest against police brutality, and that just sends a bad message. We think there is blatant disregard for protesters' safety and improper use of less lethal ammunitions. Again, we've already talked about how those were misused, and, again, keying on the protesters facing away. That's really, really important.

They were shot while they were actually complying in certain cases. Again, rifles aimed



1 at the crowd, quantity of dispersal agents used. 2 These things are just outrageous offenses in terms of our organizational stance, that's how we think 3 about it. And then also we think it was handled 4 very ineptly. 5 The crowd was unnecessarily aggravated, 6 7 police escalated, and then it definitely did not fall in line with the ACLU protesters' rights as 8 defined by them. And it was poor planning that 9 10 led to all of this, and it could have been much 11 worse things that happened. Please see the rest 12 of the presentation attached. 13 MS. GUERRIERI: Thank you very much for 14 coming, Mr. Steelman. 15 Thank you. MR. STEELMAN: 16 MS. GUERRIERI: We have representatives of 17 city associations and groups that have come to 18 sign in to speak tonight. And the first person to sign is Lyle Voyles, and he is representing the 19 20 Chaffee Neighborhood Association. 21 If you'll state your name, please. 22 MR. VOYLES: Chairmen Guerrieri, advisory 23 council members, my name is Lyle Voyles. I serve



as the community watch coordinator and president of the Chafee Neighborhood Association that is comprised of 864 homes.

MS. GUERRIERI: Welcome.

MR. VOYLES: Thank you. And I have lived there since leaving the service in 1986, and since that time, I've been involved in both of these community organizations that has provided me the opportunity to interact with the dedicated personnel in our various city covenants, who make Huntsville one of very finest cities in the United States, and certainly one of safest.

The positive presence and influence of our police department is not only visually evident on our community streets but also in the programs, meetings, and social events affecting our neighborhood. All of our precinct members have been very in tune with the community and emphasize the need for information flow and cooperation between the police department and community. The availability of an active citizen observer program is encouraged, and I can personally attest riding with an officer particularly at night, would leave



a citizen with astounded appreciation for our line officers and what they put up with to protect the citizen.

I strongly encourage every citizen who's planning to criticize our police force to take advantage of the citizens of the program before making public comments about our police leadership or officer conduct. Our precinct and their relationships officers are always responsive to issues brought to their attention, and when appropriate, provide feedback on actions taken.

The police chief, precinct manager, community relationship officers, and other police department representatives are frequent guest speakers in our civic association meetings. Their presence and participation in providing information and answering questions at these meetings enhances our confidence in the police force and provides calm and stability within the community. Requests for routine patrols and occasional requests for radar for speed control are very supported as quickly as possible.

Responses to calls from community watch members



1 are immediate. A community picnic for the police 2 department provides special displays and activities that are beneficial and interesting, 3 not only to the adults, but to the children as 4 well, such as the K9 demonstrations. 5 6 The Huntsville Police Department website contains a treasure of critical information that 7 each citizen should take the time to read; the 8 total involvement of the police department in all 9 10 of the above areas and activities directly 11 contributes toward maintaining my older community as one of the very finest communities within the 12 13 city of Huntsville. 14 I submit the state with sincere pride and 15 respect and gratefulness for the men and women of 16 the Huntsville Police Department, and all other 17 law enforcement agencies, for the security and 18 safety they provide for my family, community, and 19 the great city of Huntsville. Thank you. 20 MS. GUERRIERI: Thank you for coming, Mr. Voyles. At this time, we're going take a 21 brief recess. We will be back in five to seven 22



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minutes.

1	
2	(Break.)
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4	MS. GUERRIERI: We will now continue. Our
5	second speaker to sign in this evening in
6	Mr. Aladin Beshir with the Interfaith Mission
7	Service.
8	MR. BESHIR: Good evening. Thank you for
9	your service to the community.
10	MS. GUERRIERI: Welcome, Mr. Beshir.
11	MR. BESHIR: Here we are standing for
12	solidarity against racism of every kind, color,
13	shape, or form. Our faith organization is over 50
14	years old. Started during the Civil Rights era.
15	I'm standing here on the paved road that you paved
16	and sacrificed for, so thank you for that.
17	Our faith called us to obey the law of the
18	land and protect private property. We must
19	understand that the basis of the outrage and the
20	protests initially responded with real change. We
21	call upon all government and the Constitution to
22	realize that the status quo cannot be maintained
23	simply because it normalizes oppression.
	DIMPIN DECOMBE TO HOLIMATIZED OPPLESSION.



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What we're looking at for the 1st and 3rd is looking through a needle hole. We're looking for symptoms of existing disease. It will flare. It will go away. The symptoms will go away, but the disease is still, and it will flare, and it will come back again.

Shooting is not a way of building peace. Shooting at the protesters is not teaching our children that when they come to protest we are protected under constitution. It's teaching them when you get to the age of carrying a bullet or carrying a gun you just bring it with yourself to protect yourself in a protest. An eye for an eye until everybody goes blind. And that's why you do what you do. We can't establish peace with a bullet. We can't establish it by snipers on top of the courthouse and did anyone not supposed to show their guns. They were just supposed to use the code. Excuse me. I'm over 25 by years and years and years. You don't need a sniper to go through this code. You can do it with your iPhone.

I was talking to somebody close to my



1 heart, and she told me, I don't want to listen, I 2 don't want to listen, and I know her from the bottom of my heart. I said, what do you mean. 3 She said because it will not make a difference. 4 Ι hear that in a meeting that we have 47 different 5 representatives from the congregations of MSHRC 6 and other concerned citizens. 7 8 Dr. Oscar looked at me and said Aladin, this is -- is that going to be another exercise or 9 10 let's talk kumbaya and feel good. I hope that's 11 not the case. That's not for me. And at the end 12 of the line, I'm talking about my grandchild and 13 your grandchildren and great grandchildren in the 14 future. God willing. I had it good, and I hope I 15 do, and I hope your children will have it better 16 than I do. I had better than I deserve. 17 Obviously, there is a problem with 18 training and miscommunication. With the federal and the false intelligence and all these beautiful 19 buzz words, and this is my sandbox and this is 20 21 your sandbox, and you stand here and I stand here. 22 There's a citizen in the middle. Dr. Pepper, 23 which I worked with her for years in homeless



1 Beautiful soul. She was in Huntsville cause. 2 here in Alabama during the constitution. I didn't see anybody saying okay, Dr. Pepper, come, let's 3 talk about it and see what you observed. But that 4 from June 1st to now. I'm not complaining. 5 sorry. I'm blaming myself. I'm blaming myself. 6 7 From June, if I'm running a nonprofit or if I'm running profit for profit business, people 8 would kick me out. They tell me to sleep on the 9 10 wheel. I'm also involved in HRC. We all saw --11 nobody saw it coming, but when it did, it came and 12 hit us hard. I hope next time is not going to hit 13 us harder. 14 There is young man who wrote me and said 15 that I'm talking about truth and reconciliation 16 commission. That's what I'm talking about. 17 Talking about people really that can sit and do 18 root cause analysis and come up with solutions and 19 come up also of what the gaps that you work on hard for four or five months -- and thank you for 20 21 that. 22 I'm sure it wasn't easy for you to come 23 find out who did what, when, where. If it's going



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to take Aladin to come and get on his knees and say I did a mistake. I'm sorry. Forgive me. I'm not bigger than a position or anybody. Everybody get on his knees in front of God. And I'm getting on my knees for cause.

I'm getting on my knees for peace. For peace. If that was the cause, God as my witness, I will stand on my knees in the courthouse -- in front of the courthouse for a month begging for forgiveness.

Racism exists in my opinion. Not only my opinion. They young ones don't have pacts. see each other. They see each other no color, majority of them. That's why you see them standing in the line. Community concerns in the African American community. Community is still segregated. I don't have to tell you that. You accommodated me here. Go to any church on Sunday. I'm sorry. I'm speaking from the heart. And I'm talking to myself. I'm not talking to you. I'm talking to myself. There is a lot of work to be done. Community is still segregated and not all citizens have opportunities, quality of life.



1 When I first came to Huntsville, there was 2 a dream above and a dream below. That was 23 years ago. Authority does not want black too 3 close -- too close to them to get close to them, 4 neither do the poor next to them. Look at our 5 neighborhoods. That's not our -- that's --6 7 somebody lives in this neighborhood. And I'm repeating it because I believe it. I believe it. 8 What has Huntsville done to require if race is 9 10 even an issue. 11 There's a lot of good people like you are 12 doing, but we need to communicate outside these 13 four walls. People need to know that we came. 14 People want know that we're working toward a 15 better future because some of them don't have an 16 They don't, and we are sitting on this 17 chair. This little phone, one text, one tweet, 18 goes to million. One thank you will go to a 19 million. There is concern that people are 20 comfortable and they're ignorant from this point 21 of view. 22 The police officer get out of his car every day. Every time they get out of the car, he 23



1 doesn't know if he's coming back or not. doesn't know me from Adam. He doesn't know if I'm 2 going to kill him. If I'm a nice guy, if I'm a 3 bad guy. Who knows? But this man need to be 4 appreciated. These men -- and also need to be 5 trained to protect themselves and to protect 6 7 others. 8 If I am 6'2, 280 pounds and I get out of car, why are you stopping me, I'm -- we need to 9 10 teach the police officer the different caution and 11 perspective and how to handle stress. His job is 12 stressful enough. Especially if somebody has mental disability. And there is plenty of that. 13 14 Huntsville inquire racists exist or not. 15 There is concern that people are comfortable in their ignorance. There is a lack of courtesy 16 17 toward those who look and behave differently from 18 them. We all been training -- in -- the national 19 buy as -- not all of us, but there are a lot of good people, and that's why I'm here. Given a 20 21 voice to the scarce of minority within a different -- with defective -- an effective area of the 22 23 majority. Let's go. We are God bless --



1 I have privilege to work with a lot of 2 you. I'm appreciative for that. I'll call somebody and say, hey, I'm going to Oakwood 3 tomorrow. Would you come with me. I'll drive 4 you. Let's go. We'll go once a month. 5 It's very hard to hate from far -- from close up. 6 7 It's very hard to hate from close up. I would 8 like to take this opportunity to thank you for what you do and offer a unity in establishing --9 10 don't throw it on yourself. Please don't through 11 it on yourself. Please don't. If you do, that's 12 your problem. God bless you. 13 No matter what we do, it has to be coming 14 to hold people accountable, not for the needle 15 hole, but for the whole picture. What was before 16 it, what happened to cause this type of action and 17 reaction. I'm 60 plus years old. I can't run 18 down these steps anymore. If I have gas grenades 19 here and bullets, I don't care what they call it 20 -- if it's in bags -- I'm just sending flowers 21 with a gun. 22 It doesn't matter because I'm going to 23 fall over this chair or these steps, and some of



1 us are on blood thinner, and if we hit the floor, 2 they're dead. I don't think any of us want that in our conscience. I know that the courthouse --3 I am ex-military and I'm privileged to be 4 ex-military. I looked at the courthouse. 5 I have 16 community members who were 6 7 driving to downtown Huntsville. I call them, I said make a U-turn. This is a trap. This is a 8 trap. Make a U-turn -- I'm not trained military. 9 10 It doesn't take people with a machine gun and 11 trucks to protect downtown Huntsville. You can do 12 it with eight guys. Old as I am, we can do it 13 with eight guys. 14 I want to ask you one question. Have you seen a bullet? Have you seen the rock that the 15 16 courthouse -- one rock. Okay. One windshield. 17 I'm not for political. This is life matter and 18 this life matter. No. I'm not here to make a point. I'm talking about humanity. Do you see 19 20 anybody hurt anybody? 21 Did you see somebody calling a police name in the middle of all that? I did not. I haven't 22 23 seen that for over 90 days. Did you hear the



1 police officer getting called a name? They all 2 like my kids -- I love them to death. I love them to death. 3 Please protect everybody. May God bless 4 you, and thank you for listening to me. 5 MS. GUERRIERI: Thank you, Mr. Beshir, for 6 coming. Our next speaker is Ms. Latoya Piper with 7 Lions Pride Securities. Ms. Piper, if you would 8 use the other speaker, please. Just give us your 9 10 name and the organization you represent. 11 MS. PIPER: My name is Latoya Piper. I'm 12 the owner and chief security of Lions Pride 13 Securities. 14 MS. GUERRIERI: Welcome. MS. PIPER: We do security throughout the 15 16 community in several different areas. We do event 17 security. We do club security for several 18 different places throughout Huntsville, so we do 19 feel very deeply connected to this community. Due to what happened at the first protest, 20 21 we decided to go on June 3rd as an organization to 22 go and assist the protesters and try to weed out 23 anyone who may have been an outside agitator so



that the people who wanted to exercise their rights and go on peaceful protests could do so without someone who doesn't even share their community coming in and hindering that and causing problems between them and law enforcement. What we didn't exactly expect was to be attacked by law enforcement.

Please let me be clear when I say this that I am completely unbiased. I'm very, very close working relationship with HPD here. I see some of them also every single night, get along with them. No issues whatsoever. I've never -- other than this incident -- ever been treated unfairly by them, so please understand when I say this, I have no bias whatsoever.

I am trained to the teeth -- better than some of them probably as far as tactics, strategies, things of that nature. I'm also a combat veteran. I saw it getting ready to happen. I saw it getting ready to happen. We were warned, not very loudly. We were warned. I was somewhat of a barrier between law enforcement and the protesters at very many points. He did have a



1 It was not very loud. We were warned. megaphone. 2 I tried to echo that, but of course, I can't echo 3 that to everyone. So, yes, there were a lot of people who 4 did not know that what was about to happen was 5 about to happen. We saw them coming down onto a 6 7 knee, some of them, with crazy looking smirks on 8 their face as they started to gear up, put their I went around, I tried to warn people, 9 10 you know, CS gas is coming. Based on what 11 happened at the last protest, CS gas is coming. 12 If you are not prepared for that, leave now. 13 you are prepared for that and you are going to stay here, we will be here to give you-all aid. 14 15 So we did that. We were a very visible 16 barrier between the law enforcement and the 17 civilians out there as well. Everyone was clearly 18 marked as security, and we actually called law --19 HPD and put it out what we would be doing, that we would be unarmed and that we would be out there to 20 21 help everyone in the situation including law 22 enforcement so that everything could go out 23 without a hitch. And if things did get bad, we



were out there to give aid as well. Myself and my second in command had first aid kits on them.

So when everything hit the fan, basically, it kind of happened at the drop of a hat. The area that I was in, I saw no officers being attacked. I saw no one throwing anything. When I did see things being thrown, it was after the gas already started, and they were at vehicles that were passing by -- the law enforcement vehicles that were passing by that their windows were up. I do not believe that throwing water bottles at vehicles merits the response that was given.

Our largest complaint, myself personally and as an organization, is that on more than one occasion we attempted to give aid to people as we previously told law enforcement that we were out there to do. Not only was I shot with a rubber bullet while my back was turned, and I do have a scar, and you can clearly see the trajectory of it. But we were gassed.

Thank goodness that I'm a combat veteran, so I was prepared for that. My second in command took it a little bit hard. There was one female



having a very severe asthma. And one of the pictures were actually on the slide that one of the gentleman before showed. My security actually had to physically pick her up and carry her as if she was a wounded casualty of war to get her out of the area. We had to move her three different times.

I apologize. Due to me being a one-woman show as far as my business, I'm very busy, so I wasn't able to get anything properly uploaded. I have issues doing it. But I've got four hours of body cam that shows the entire thing clear as day. You can see the sheriff's officers on the side of the line, who really my bigger gripe is with because they were the ones with the rubber bullets.

You could see them on the side of the line coming out, deploying rubber bullets, and coming back. My second in command -- if you saw the woman on the one slide that had a rubber bullet in each of her calves, we attempted to give her aid right then and there. But my second in command had to actually drop the bandage that he was in



progress of wrapping around her to move her to another area.

And this is all clearly on camera if you will allow me to get this to you-all on another date. But a sheriff's deputy comes forward and says we will not move this line, you will not come behind this line. Now, strategically I understand that. However, once you take that oath, you have to give aid.

This woman is standing here bleeding, and we have to walk to another area. These are civilians who don't -- this is not their playground. Chaos is my home. Chaos is officers' home. We have to be able to function in things like that; however, this was civilians that this was happening to. They were being gassed. At one point, I saw a canister come down from some vantage point. I don't really know where. But we were being gassed from high. We were being gassed from low. We were being shot. We were being aimed at.

I don't have all of the gripes that everyone else came up and had a problem with



1 because I do understand being in -- directly in 2 danger's way, in harm's way and having to be ready. I do understand why you need to already 3 have your gun out if someone is pointing a gun at 4 5 you. 6 I understand that you're not going to 7 approach someone with an AR15 or anything of the 8 like without a weapon in your hand. So please understand when I'm saying this. I get why a lot 9 10 of things that happened with the police happened. 11 I understand better than most. 12 However, I also operate in the same type 13 of stomping grounds. And I'm sorry to sound like 14 I'm tooting my horn, but I hold myself 15 exceptionally well. I don't understand why if I 16 can do this, and I can get my team to implement my 17 same practices with people who are far more unruly 18 than those people who were at that protest. 19 can't we do this in our law enforcement as well? 20 Why is there such a big barrier between the way 21 that we relate to one another. 22 I mean, I'm going to be honest with you.

At a protest where we're talking about racial

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1 injustice, where were all the black officers? 2 would you not, you know, put someone there -- of course, I'm not saying why would you no -- but why 3 would they not put someone there that's going to 4 be a little bit more sympathetic? 5 The ones that are not going to go down on 6 7 a knee, and when we're out sitting there, and the 8 people thought they were going to a knee, taking a knee with them, and they started clapping saying 9 10 march with us. I knew that wasn't what was 11 happening. But I'm thinking maybe if we say march 12 with us, everyone does it, maybe they'll march 13 with us. 14 And you've got people laughing, the officers laughing, like, while they're putting 15 16 their stuff on, like, wow, you guys just don't 17 even know what we're about to do to you. It was 18 almost sadistic. I believe that the answer to 19 this -- I'm going to be honest with you. I don't think Huntsville Police knew to retrain. 20 They are 21 some of the most well-trained officers we have in 22 the city.



I think that when you get orders from up

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top, you follow orders from up top especially if you believe in the organization that you work for. So I believe that the problem here is not necessarily all of the officers or Huntsville PD as a whole. I think that the orders that came down were wrong, and I believe that they tried to set into play something -- a game plan based on a violence that hadn't even happened yet.

Like I said, we were there. We were there to give aid. We had six to eight people out there to give aid to help along with officers. Honestly if that had been played correctly, anyone that was outside agitating and going to ruin things for the people who actually did want to peacefully protest and get their voices heard, if the police really wanted to do things properly, they could have basically gotten with us and had us helping them take people, hand them over to them so that everyone could have continued doing what they were doing.

Everything that happened was completely uncalled for. We weren't allowed to give aid. We were just pushed in random place. I obviously



have no idea where we ended up. We had to use GPS just to get back to our vehicle. There was no clear-cut directions. Everything was just move, go, move, go, move, go.

And basically we don't care who's hurt, who's bleeding, who can't read, y'all are going to get out of here right now, and we don't care about your safety. Based on the social media response after this happened, the people are hurt. Like, the people are hurt. The people have lost their faith in the police department.

And it's awful because these are people that have to go out in their communities every day and police and interact with people who now don't trust them. Or for the people who already didn't trust them, now they trust them even less because of what happened. The response that I saw from the people really showed that something has to change in regards to that.

Thank goodness that there was not another incident where the protests got that out of hand in Huntsville. But they're right, we did garner national attention for this. We were all over



1 social media for what happened. And it wasn't a 2 good thing, and I've always held Huntsville up as one of the most progressive cities in the south. 3 In that, you know, I'm from southeast Georgia. 4 We're nothing like down there. 5 6 And after what happened, I just don't 7 quite feel the same way anymore. I am a little bit more weary when I deal with police on the 8 scene. You know, I make sure that they understand 9 10 who I am. I make sure that they understand our 11 working relationship because I don't want 12 something like that to happen at one of clubs that 13 I secure where everything is just going to go to 14 hell really quickly. 15 It's just -- that's all I really have to 16 It was a really unfortunate situation. 17 was completely mishandled. I don't think that a 18 retrain is in order. I think that different 19 leadership is in order, and that's all. 20 MS. GUERRIERI: Thank you very much for 21 coming, Ms. Piper. 22 MS. PIPER: Thank you. 23 MS. GUERRIERI: The next person who signed



1 up to speak, Mr. Mark Prill with the Green 2 Mountain Civic Group. Mr. Prill, if you'll state your name and the organization you represent for 3 the record. 4 MR. PRILL: Yes. I'm Mark the current 5 6 president of the Green Mountain City Association 7 Committee. 8 MS. GUERRIERI: Welcome. MR. PRILL: I'm representing the larger 9 10 Green Mountain Community. On behalf of our 11 mountaintop residents, I'd like to express our 12 sincere appreciation for our Huntsville Police 13 Force. With a special thanks to the commander and 14 members of the South Huntsville Precinct for their 15 direct support of our Southeast Huntsville 16 community. 17 First and foremost, we owe a personal debt 18 of thanks to all the men and women of the police 19 force who exercise a personal career choice to 20 voluntarily step up on a daily basis putting 21 themselves in harm's way to make this a great city to live and work in, keeping us safe around the 22 23 clock. Thank you.



As a personal representative of the Green Mountain community, I have had the opportunity to engage with multiple southeast Huntsville Precinct Commanders, and they have been, without exception, outstanding individuals who have demonstrated passion and care for our Southeast Huntsville community. They have been very cooperative to engage in and emphasize public outrage and positive dialogue to ensure robust information flow and cooperation between the police department and our respective community members.

From a neighborhood-specific perspective, requests for routine patrols and requests for radar speed control are always supported as resource availability allows the police across the area. The police have been responsive to the reports of theft and other criminal activities, and we have nothing but the highest regard for their support for our local community.

While there's always an opportunity for improvement, we believe we've got to err on the side of law and order. Proactively robust training in advance of realistic scenarios is



1 needed to ensure minimal risk for misjudgment and 2 missteps. 3 However, where peaceful protests demonstrate -- I'm sorry -- degenerates to 4 demonstration of threatening behavior, where 5 malicious activity threatens law abiding citizenry 6 or businesses and individual behaviors clearly 7 devolve with obvious intent and motivation to 8 incite violence, it has crossed the line of 9 10 reasonableness, good order, and discipline from 11 the average citizen. 12 Unfortunately, what we saw in the protests 13 in downtown Huntsville seemed to be a good 14 instance of this particular problem. Unfortunate, 15 because it underlines the credibility for the 16 legitimate protest. Under the extremes of the 17 circumstance -- under those circumstances, we must 18 defer to the police judgment for appropriate 19 response to safeguard the greater community and 20 cannot find fault for incidents in the intensity 21 in the moment that we saw under these 22 circumstances. 23 Where there are confirmed abuses, those



1	need to be appropriate we need to be have
2	appropriate accountability for wrongful actions
3	and ask this advisory council to dually consider
4	guidance to local police. In all instances, we
5	ask for equitable treatment, protection, and
6	service for all citizens.
7	However, again, in our instance, we
8	provide support for the local police department.
9	We believe they're doing a great job and request
10	that you find again for equitable treatment for
11	all citizens and do due diligence as far as
12	accessing the protest and the demonstration of the
13	activity that we saw at the time. Thank you.
14	MS. GUERRIERI: Thank you for coming,
15	Mr. Prill.
16	Do we have anyone else in the audience who
17	signed up to speak? At this time, we will take a
18	short recess and see if anyone comes in to sign up
19	to speak. Thank you. We will be available here
20	until 8:00 p.m.
21	
22	(Break.)
23	



MS. GUERRIERI: Go ahead and call the
meeting back to order. We've had an extensive
break. I'd like to now we do have another
speaker representing a group, and we will
continue.
Ms. Lindsey Louque. If you will state
your name and the name of the group you're with.
MS. LOUQUE: My name is Lindsey Louque,
and I run a support group for arrested protesters
or people who were brutalized by police on June
1st and June 3rd. And the thing I'm about to say
I think I said at some of the prior meetings, but
they're worth repeating.
First of all, it is just things that are
basically I feel alarmed by and thought everyone
else would be as well. Every person who was
arrested that day that I talked to or just people
in general to me, all the cops they saw had their
badge numbers duct taped. I have not had a single
person who said that wasn't a case. They didn't
see an officer that had their badge number
displayed, which really hurts transparency.
And all the rest of the persons I talked



to that got to see their arrest report, the physical officer who arrested them is nowhere on there. I know a couple of them told me that they overheard officers, while they were being arrested, having conversations about who -- which of them wasn't on the arrest form. What I can gather, three or four of the same officers are on all these reports, maybe a bit less.

And I know a number of them -- this one in particular caught on footage, they were trying to go to their vehicle -- and I know y'all have -- upon them trying to open their car door, they were tackled, and then arrested. So they were trying to take that opportunity to leave, and right when they were about to leave, that's when officers decided to arrest them.

And then a lot of people trying to get to their cars were blocked from doing so. I was trying to help walk somebody to their car on Church Street. There is a parking lot right there. Her car was, I don't know, within three yards of her, and an officer ran up over, no you have to go elsewhere. That's literally where her



| vehicle was.

That's probably the worst of what I saw of it. I didn't see anybody so close to a vehicle that they -- that they were just directed away going to have to wait until the police were done to have a chance to, like, drive away.

Myself and many others tried to provide aid. I had EMT training, and I saw that the NAACP had left some medical supplies near the bottom steps of Fountain Circle. So me and another girl who was involved with the NAACP ended up carrying the medical supply. And there's a sign that indicated medical supplies here.

And as we're heading to Church Street where the crowd had been pushed, an officer looks at us and starts yelling, and I hold up the sign and say, you can see we're just trying to find people that need help. He was probably directing his aim with a rubber bullet at my stomach. Go, go, back up.

It ended up -- that was just my experience. I can't imagine all the other people. What if he had fired that? That would have went



in my stomach. You know, I had talked about this 1 2 just a few minutes ago. I mentioned last time I 3 was here, body cam footage. That's why -- county 4 related. I understand y'all are directly working 5 with HPD, but I would like to go ahead and say 6 7 that here so if any word gets out. That's really 8 disturbing that the county, for whatever reason, 9 they didn't have body cams on or they're just 10 withholding and acting like they don't have footage. It's not available. I learned that from 11 12 a lawyer. Those are all the points I have to say. 13 Thank you for your time. 14 MS. GUERRIERI: Thank you for coming, 15 Ms. Louque. At this time, I'd like to ask if anyone 16 17 else in the audience is coming -- is going to 18 speak tonight on behalf of a group or if anyone 19 knows if anyone has held -- has texted anyone to ask them to hold time. Hearing none, we have 20 21 committed to be here until 8:00 o'clock, but 22 there's no one coming in to speak to us. 23 this time, I will say my ending remarks.



1	Although this meeting concludes our public
2	listening sessions, please note that this is an
3	ongoing review, and comments, input, is and will
4	remain available through our website
5	huntsvillepolicereview.com. And let me spell that
6	for members of the listening audience, H-U-T
7	I'm sorry
8	$ ext{H-U-N-T-S-V-I-L-L-E-P-O-L-I-C-E-R-E-V-I-E-W.com}.$
9	That website is available to upload video,
10	photographs, and comments.
11	And with that, I would like to take this
12	opportunity to thank all members of the public who
13	took the time out of their day to come and speak
14	to us during the past three public hearings. Do I
15	have a motion to adjourn?
16	MR. DAY: Motion.
17	MS. GUERRIERI: We are adjourned.
18	
19	MEETING ADJOURNED
20	
21	
22	
23	



1	
1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF ALABAMA
4	AT LARGE
5	
6	I hereby certify that the above and
7	foregoing hearing of the HPCAC was taken down by me in stenotype and the questions and answers
8	thereto were transcribed by means of computer-aided transcription; transcribed by me or
9	overseen by me, and that the foregoing represents a true and correct transcript of the testimony
0	given by said witness upon said hearing.
L1	I further certify that I am neither of
L2	council, nor of kin to the parties to the action, nor am I in anywise interested in the result of
L3	said cause.
L4	I further certify that I am duly licensed
L5	by the Alabama Board of Court Reporting as a Certified Court Reporter as evidenced by the ACCR
L6	number following my name found below.
L7	
L8	So certified on this date, September 17, 2020.
L9	
20	Kernedy B. Sills
21	/s/Kennedy B. Gibbs Kennedy B. Gibbs, CCR
22	ACCR #679, Expires 09/30/20 Commissioner for the State
23	of Alabama at Large My Commission Expire 5/24/22

